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in this State and engage therein in buying or receiving and shipping milk or cream unless he shall have first received a permit to engage in such business from the board of health of such town, village, or city; but this section shall not apply to the gathering or collecting of milk or cream by wagon or other similar vehicle or by automobile or other similar motor vehicle or to the distribution of milk or cream to the ultimate consumer.

2. Permits to engage in buying or receiving and shipping milk or cream as provided in subsection 1 of this section shall be issued only to persons who shall present satisfactory evidence to the board of health that they are qualified and competent to conduct such business in a clean and sanitary manner and that the utensils, cans, vessels, rooms, or buildings or other equipment, facilities, or premises used in conducting such business are and will be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition or in any condition that will not tend to produce or promote unhealthfulness or disease.

3. Each applicant for such permit shall pay \$5 to such board of health before such permit shall be issued to him. All such permits shall expire on the 31st day of December of the year in which issued. All money received under the provisions of this section shall be paid into the treasury of the town, village, or city in which the permit for conducting such business is issued.

4. The board of health of any town, village, or city may at any time revoke any permit issued by it whenever the grantee shall conduct such business in an unclean and insanitary manner, shall keep the utensils, cans, vessels, rooms, or buildings, or other equipment, facilities, or premises used in conducting such business in an unclean or insanitary condition or in any condition tending to produce or promote unhealthfulness or disease, or shall be convicted of violating any of the laws of this State or the rules or regulations of the State board of health of [sic] such town, village, or city relating to sanitation.

5. Any person violating any of the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than 30 days nor more than 6 months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Births, Deaths, and Marriages—Fees for Reporting. (Chap. 38, Act Apr. 20, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Section 1022-53 of the statutes is repealed.

SEC. 2. Subsection 1 of section 1022-58 of the statutes is amended to read:

SEC. 1022-58. 1. Each physician, midwife, minister, or priest, court commissioner, judge of a court of record, justice of the peace, or other person acting as informant and filing with the local registrar, certificates of births, deaths, and marriages completely and legibly made out in ink, shall be entitled to receive the sum of 25 cents for each birth, death, and marriage so recorded, to be paid by the treasurer of the county upon certification by the State registrar.

Births—Registration of—Physicians' or Midwives' Bills Unlawful Unless Birth Is Reported. (Chap. 230, Act June 11, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Section 1022-28 of the statutes is amended to read:

SEC. 1022-28. The physician or midwife in attendance when any birth occurs shall file a certificate of birth, properly and completely filled out, giving all the particulars required by sections 1022-1 to 1022-62 inclusive, with the local registrar of vital statistics of the district in which the birth occurred within five days after the date of birth. All bills or charges for professional services rendered by the physician or midwife in attendance upon a birth shall be unlawful, if the birth certificate, properly filled out, is not reported as herein provided.